



GloTS & IOT Week 2017: IOT Reality Check

Patrick Wetterwald, CTAO IOT Standards and Architecture

ETSI IP6 Vice Chairman, IEC SEG8 Chair, IPSO Alliance Past President

pwetterw@cisco.com

June 6th, 2017

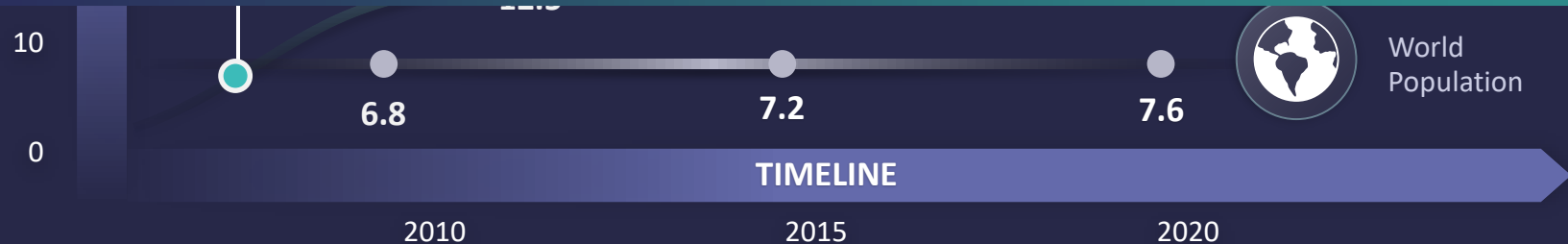
What Is the Internet of Things?

“The Internet of Things is the intelligent connectivity of physical devices driving massive gains in efficiency, business growth, and quality of life.”

IoT Is Here Now – and Growing!



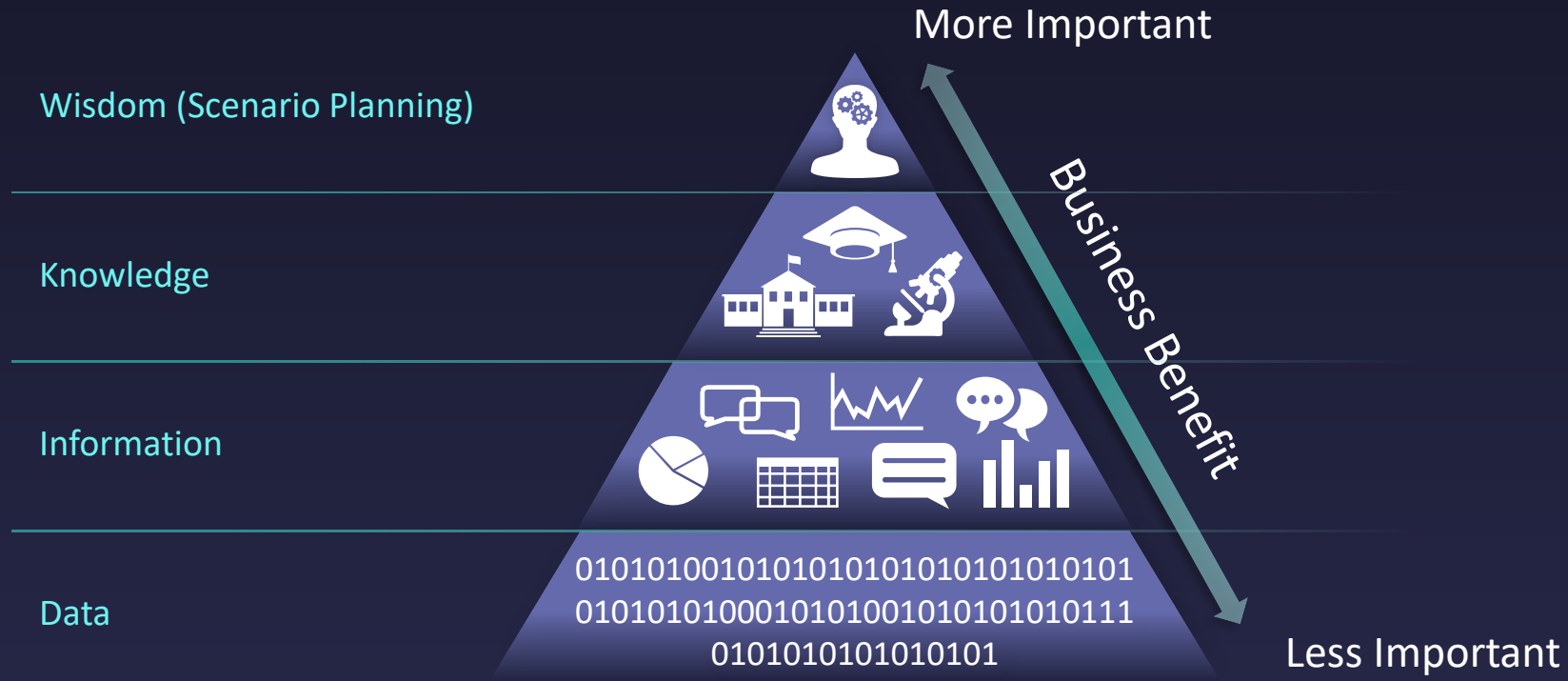
The New Essential Infrastructure



Source: Cisco IBSG, 2011

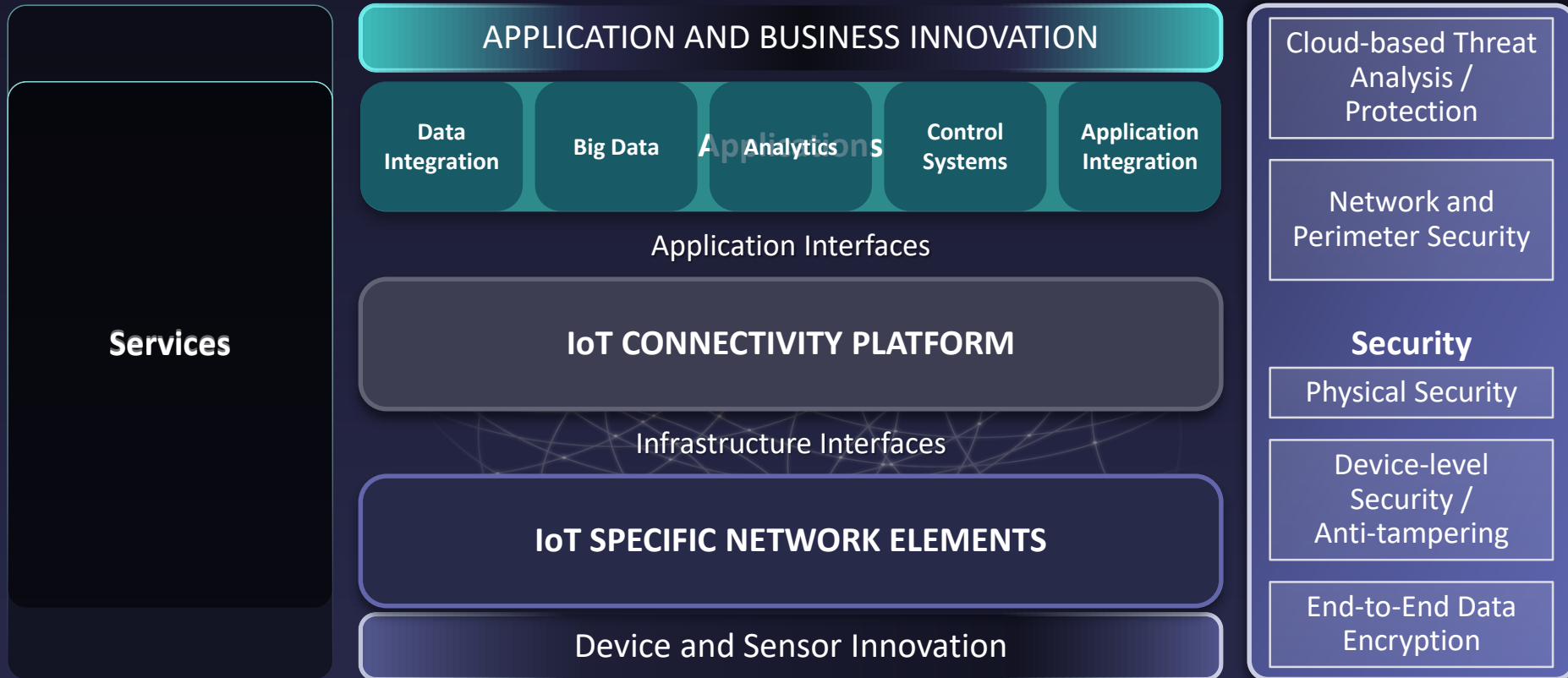
© 2013-2014 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

IoT Transforms Data into Wisdom



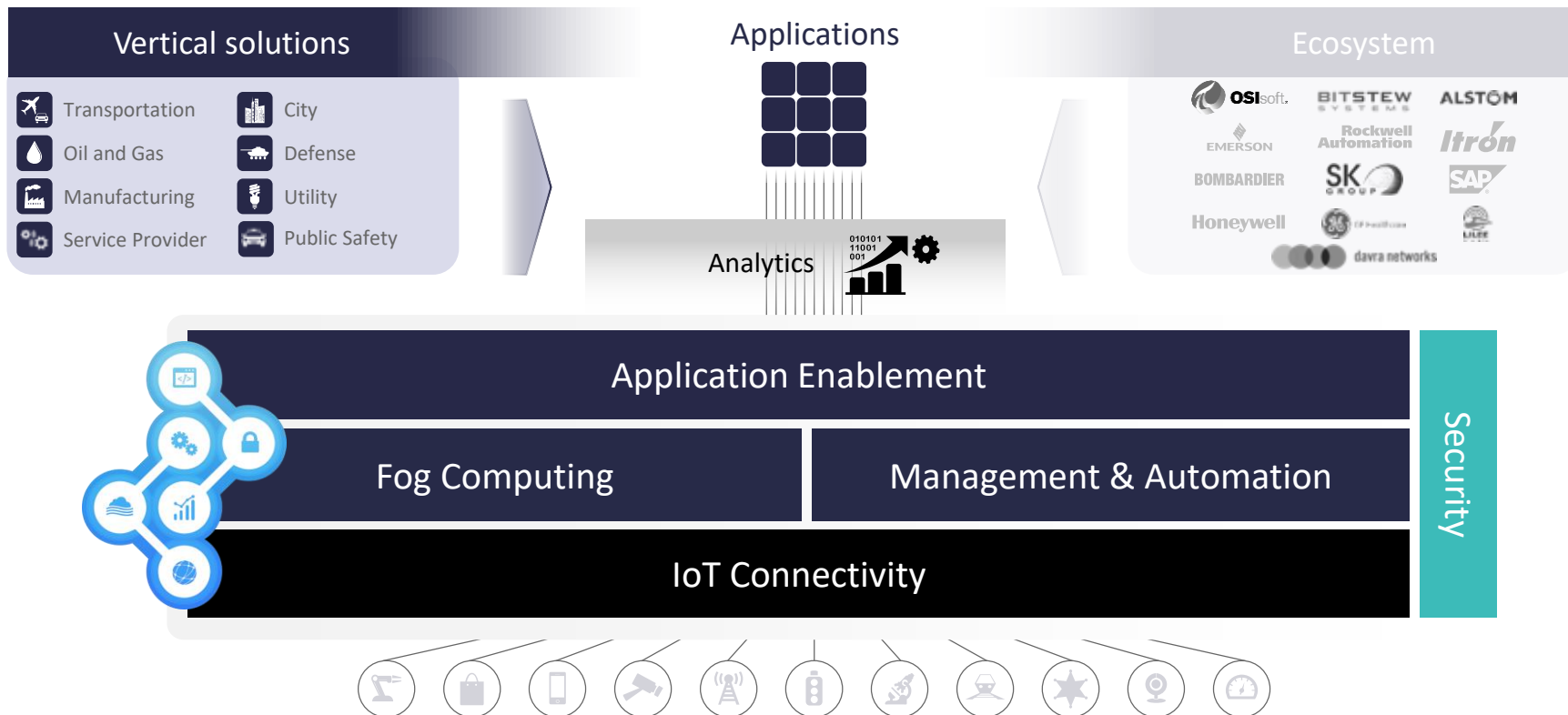
Big Data becomes Open Data for Customers, Consumers to Use

But It Also Adds Complexity



Cisco IoT Architecture:

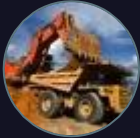
Secure IT & OT Convergence



What Industries Are We Focused On?



Manufacturing



Mining



Energy-Utility



Oil and Gas



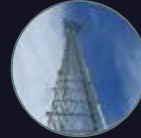
Transportation



City



Defense



SP/M2M



REAL TIME



SCALE

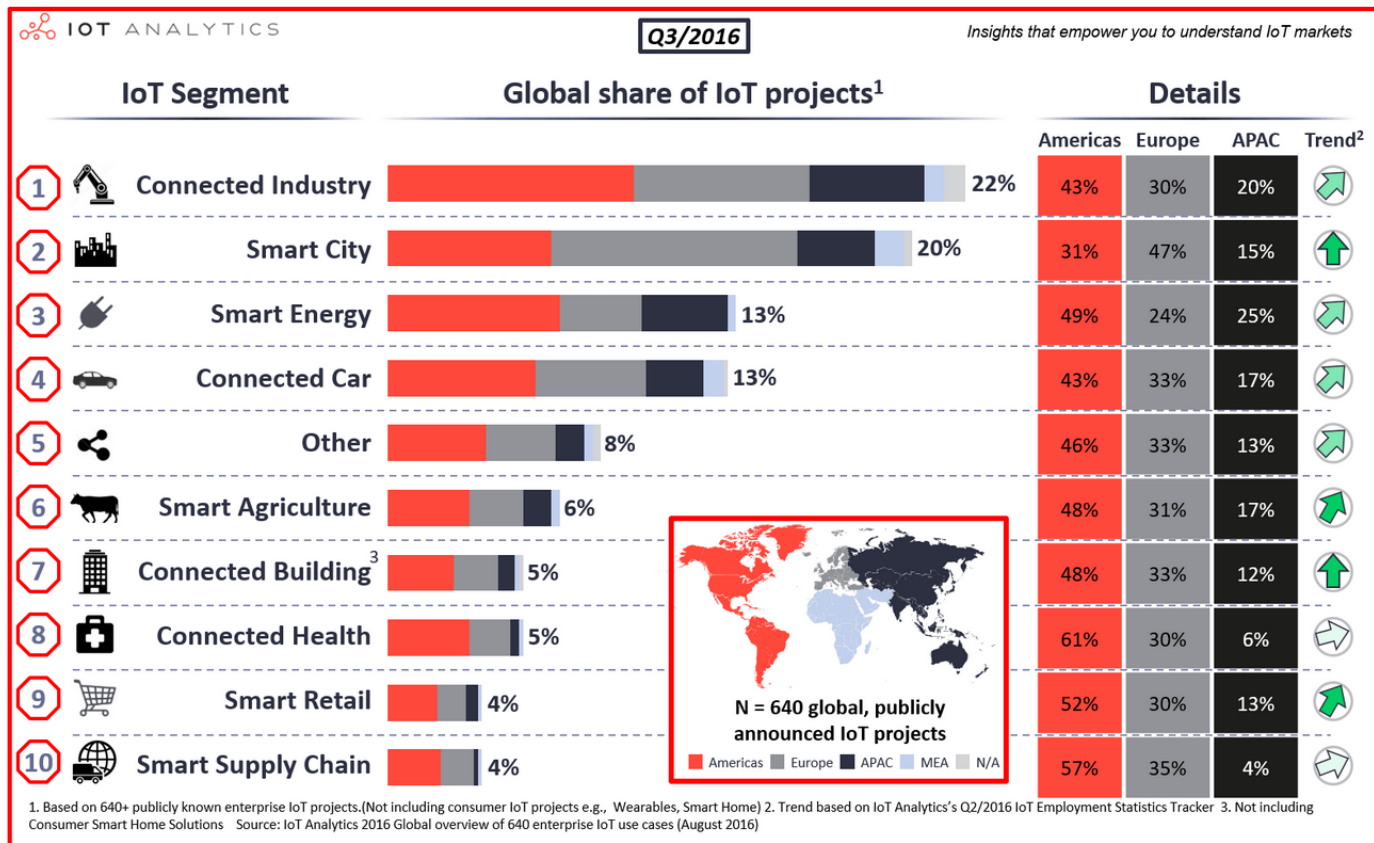


BIG DATA/ANALYTICS

SECURITY



IoT projects



The Data Aggregation Challenge

500 Gigabytes

Data generated by an offshore oil rig **weekly**

10,000 Gigabytes

Data generated by a jet engine every **30 minutes**

1.1 Billion

Data points generated by sensors **daily**

1000 Gigabytes

Data generated by an oil refinery **daily**

2.5 Billion Gigabytes

Data generated worldwide **daily**

90% of the world's data

Has been created in the last **2 years!**

It's a Game Changer in all technical domains

Architecture

Addressing

Security

RF Allocation / Planning

Gateways

Low Power

Determinism

Wireless

Standardization

Regulation

Privacy

Deployment models

Sustainability

Analytics

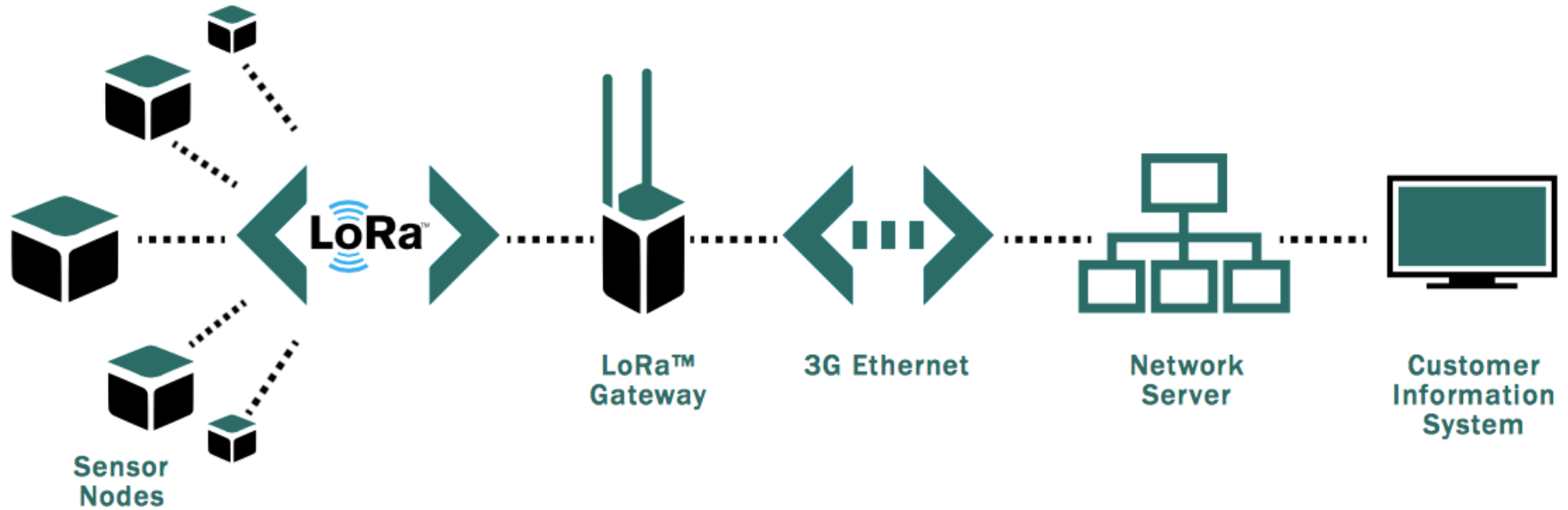
Learning Machines





LPWA Low Power and Wide Area

IoT LoRa Architecture



LoRaWAN™ Use Cases Applicability

Smart water/
gas metering



Public lighting



Smart building



Smart parking



Assets Tracking



Smart Agriculture, i.e. leak
detection and irrigation



Water level and
flood management



Fault management



Security services, i.e. Smoke
detectors



Smart energy and fast
demand response



Waste management



Traffic management





Addressing and Gateways

Where are we?

IPv6 for the IOT is a must (same as radio technologies)

→ ETSI ISG IP6 best practices documents

IPv6 up to the end device

→ Close but not yet there

→ IETF 6lowPan, 6lo, LPWAN, IPWave

Gateways → will be your (our) next nightmare:

Manageability (maintenance, configuration, deployment...)

Energy consumption

Security: Breaking end to end security, Network entry point.





Distributing Intelligence

Why Distributed Intelligence?

Vast Amounts of Data

Local Control Loops

Detached Applications

Expensive Bandwidth

Low Cost of Edge Compute

Scale

Converged, Managed
Network

Resilience at Scale

Security

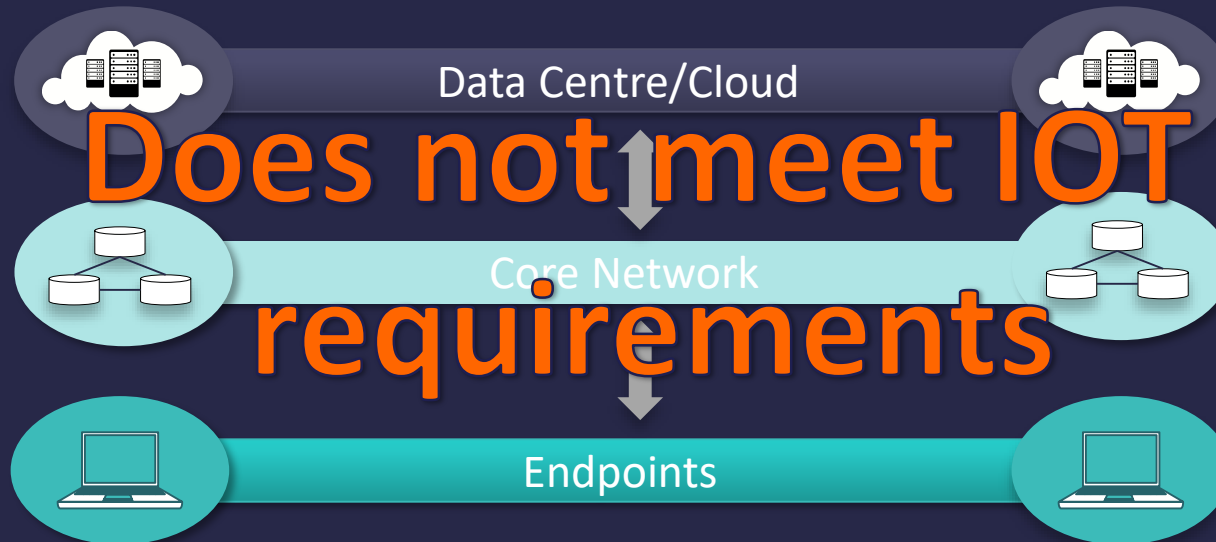
**Distributed
Intelligence**

Application
Enablement

IoT CONNECTIVITY

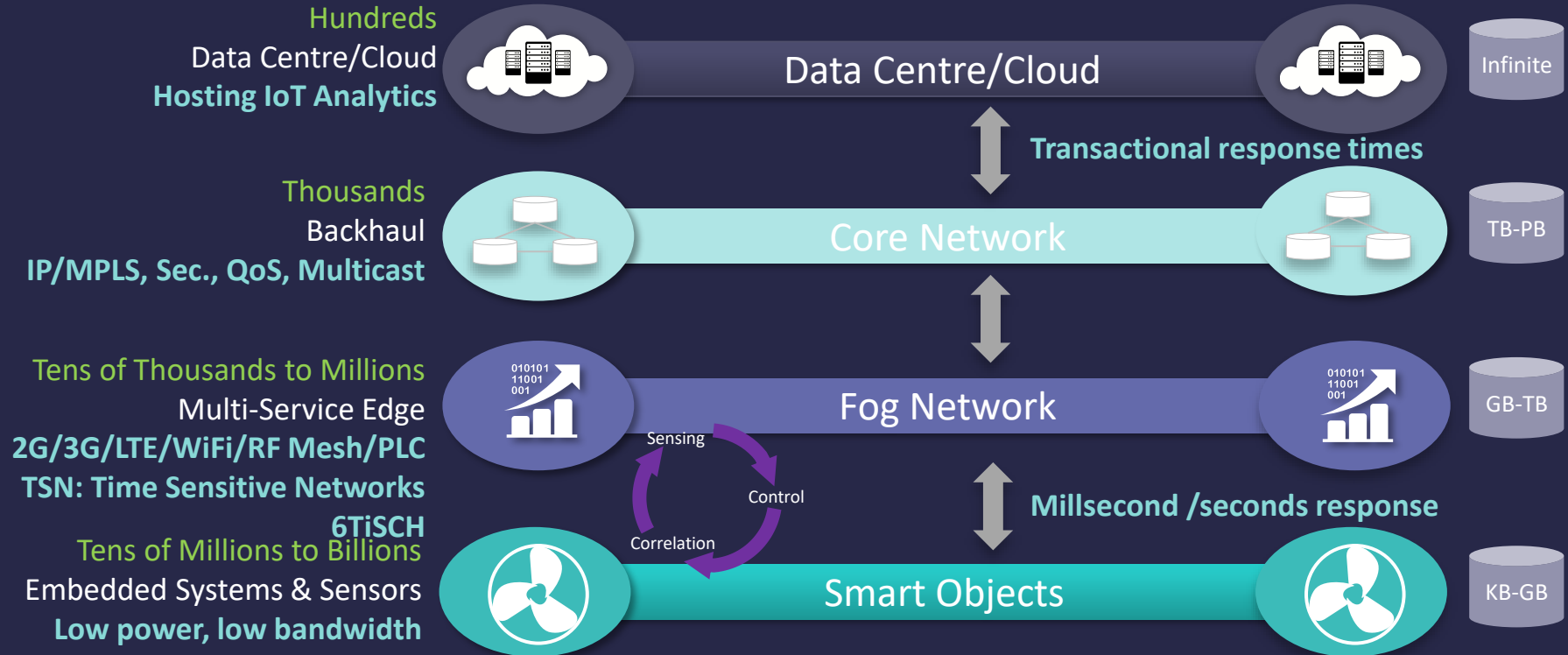
Traditional Computing Architecture

Terminal-Mainframe, Client-Server, Web



IoT and Fog Computing Architecture

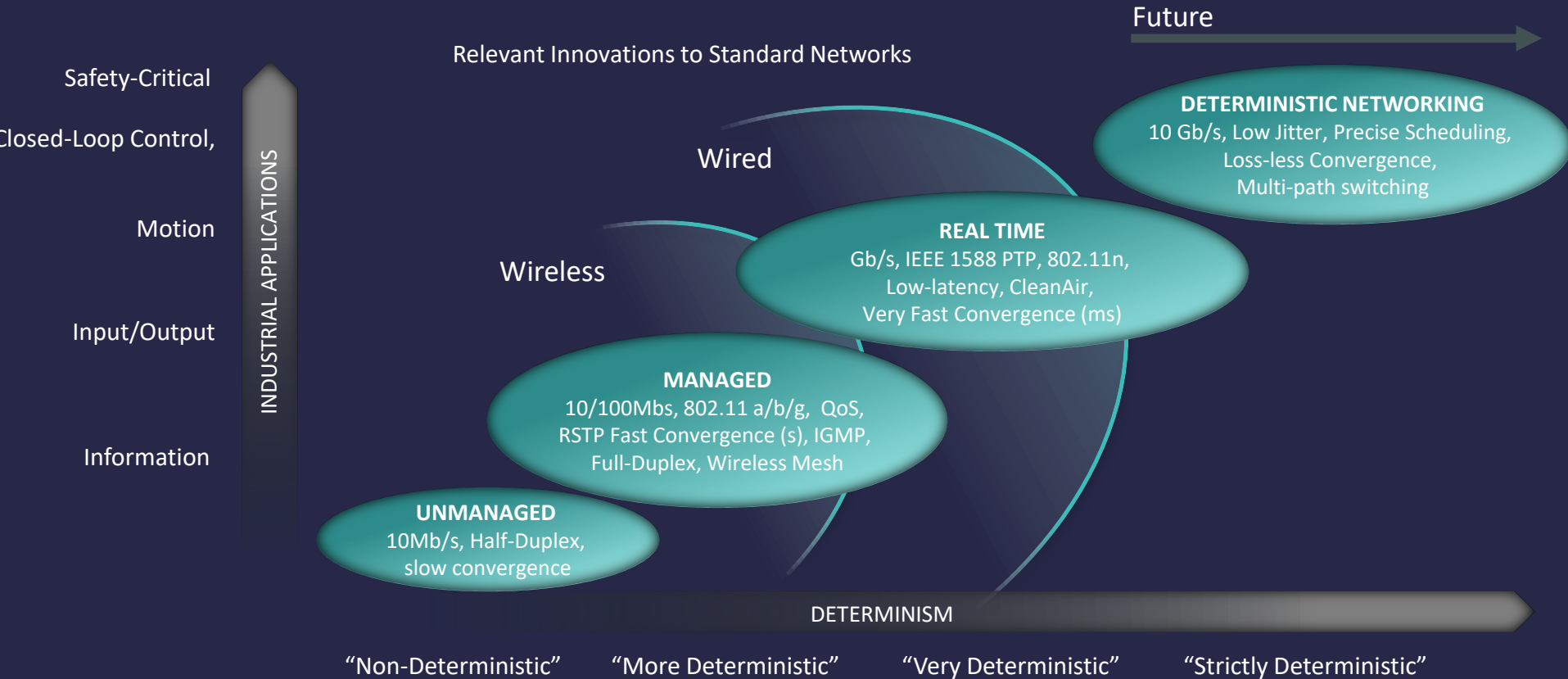
Data Points, Variety & Velocity, Security, Resiliency, Latency





Need for more determinism

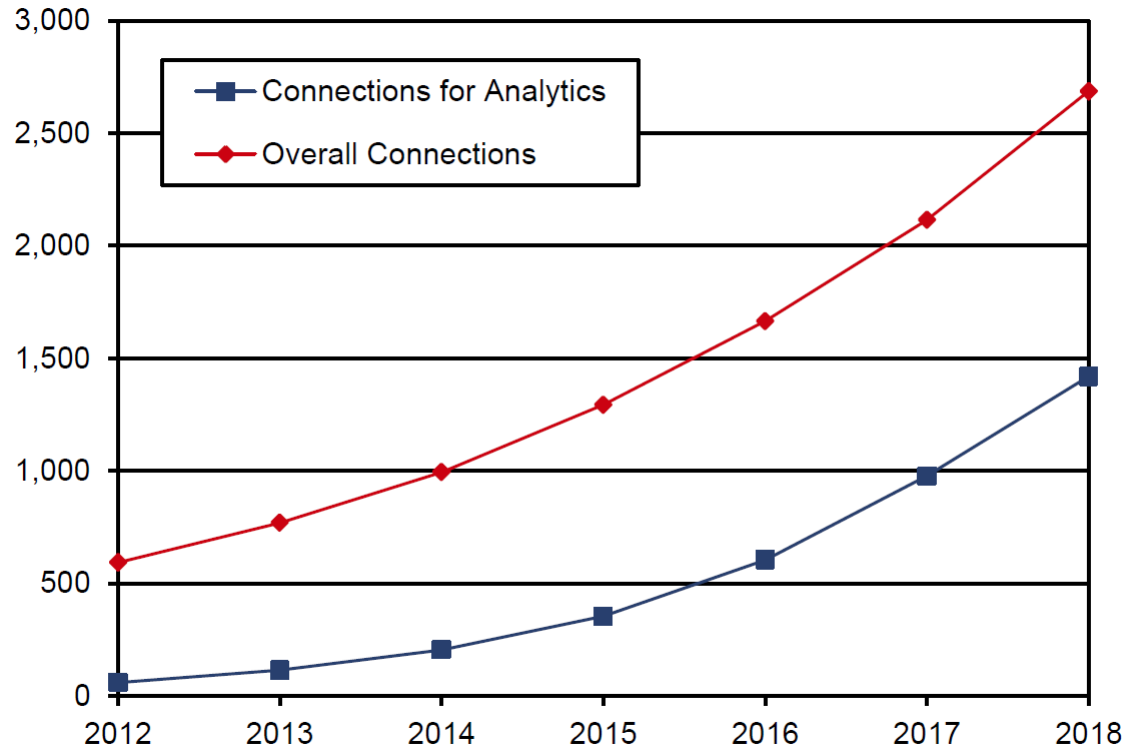
Industrial Intelligence Requires Evolution





Analytics

Analytics vs. Overall M2M connection ratio *

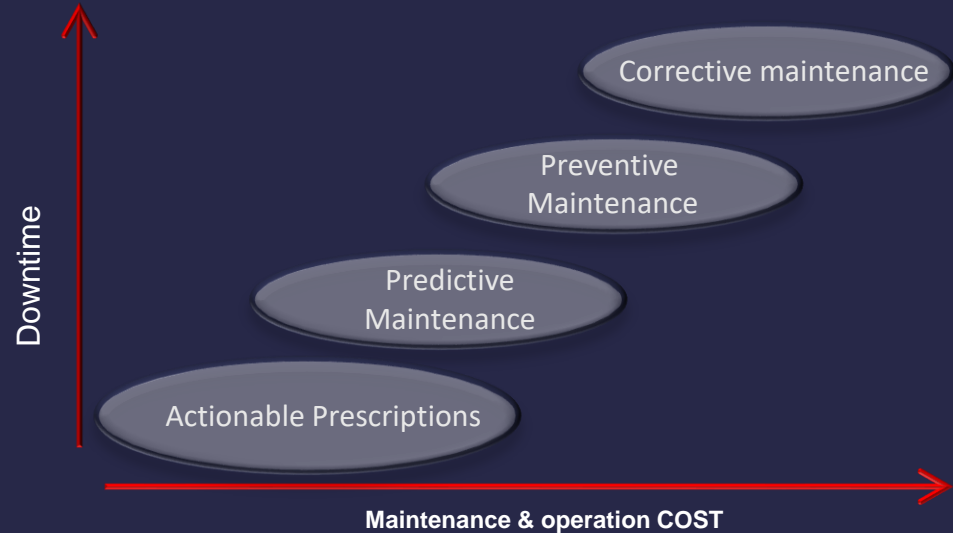
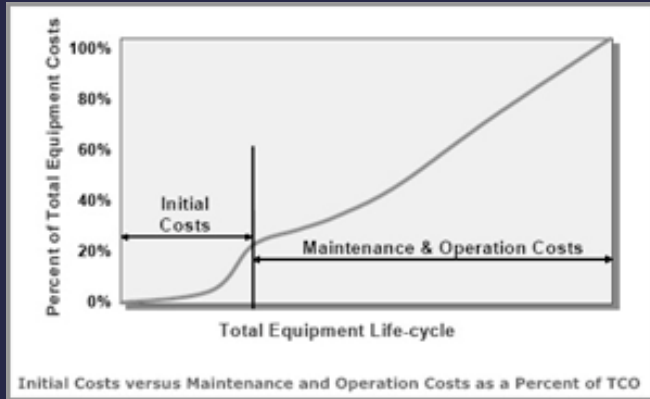


15M to 115M
Analytics related
connections*
Classical Monitoring
only doubles
Analytics related
M2M connections
surge

* Source:
ABI Research

Industrial Internet Application: OPEX reduction

Maintenance and operation represent 75% of the Total equipment cost



➔ Deployment of Wireless sensors is seen as an efficient solution



Standardization

Service & App

Connectivity

B2C (e.g., Consumer Market)

B2B (e.g., Industrial Internet Market)

Source: AIOTI WG3 (IoT Standardisation) – Release 2.0



Security

*Is there such a thing as
an:
“IoT trusted device”?*

Yes / No: Why?

- IOT devices are uncontrolled
 - Software – firmware
 - Manufacturing process
 - Maintenance process
- IOT devices are easy to compromise
 - Poor access protection (admin/admin, even nothing ...)
 - No anti-virus / anti malware
 - Limited (if any) software upgrade capability
- IOT devices have full capability of causing harm
 - They typically have a full (linux) stack
 - Large numbers, Diversity
 - They are frequently granted full network access (unrestricted network access)



Need new security paradigm

key take away

IOT requires Innovation and new paradigms not only
communications:

Distributed Intelligence

Intelligent Networks

Deterministic Networking

Analytics

Security

...



Thanks You