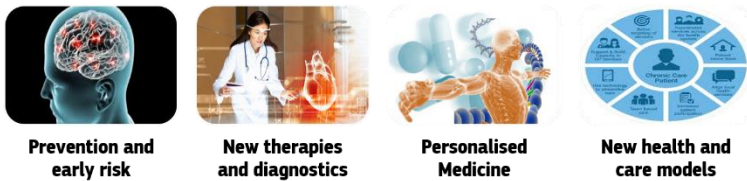




# eHealth and Smart Home Data Protection

*Peter Wintlev-Jensen  
DG CONNECT- E4 Internet of Things Unit  
European Commission*

# The potential is enormous



## Data-driven innovation

*High-performance computing*

*Artificial Intelligence*

*Cloud computing*

*mHealth*

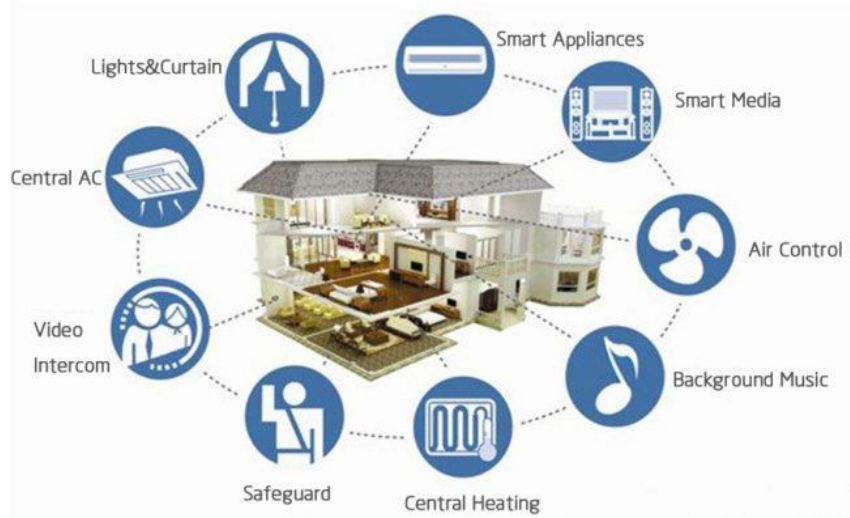
*Advanced Data-Analytics*

*4G/5G*

*Internet of Things (IoT)*

*Wearables*

*Telehealth*



# But major security/privacy risks

Eugene Kim | @eugenekim222

Published 4:54 PM ET Thu, 24 May 2018 | Updated 7:58 AM ET Fri, 25 May 2018



Healthcare IT News

TOPIC

## OCR investigating Banner Health for 2016 breach of 3.7 million patient records

The Arizona health system is cooperating with the investigation but expects to receive negative findings and a potential fine.

By [Jessica Davis](#) | March 21, 2018 | 12:34 PM



Banner Desert Medical Center in Mesa, Arizona. Credit: Google Maps

# Main EU Security/Privacy Policy Framework



## General Data Protection Regulation GDPR

EU regulation setting out the rules for protection of personal data across the EU

## Network & Information Security Directive NIS + Cyber Security Act

Security response teams  
ENISA  
Cybersec Agency  
Security certification

## EU Blockchain Observatory and Forum

Highlight key developments of the blockchain technology, promote European actors and reinforce European engagement

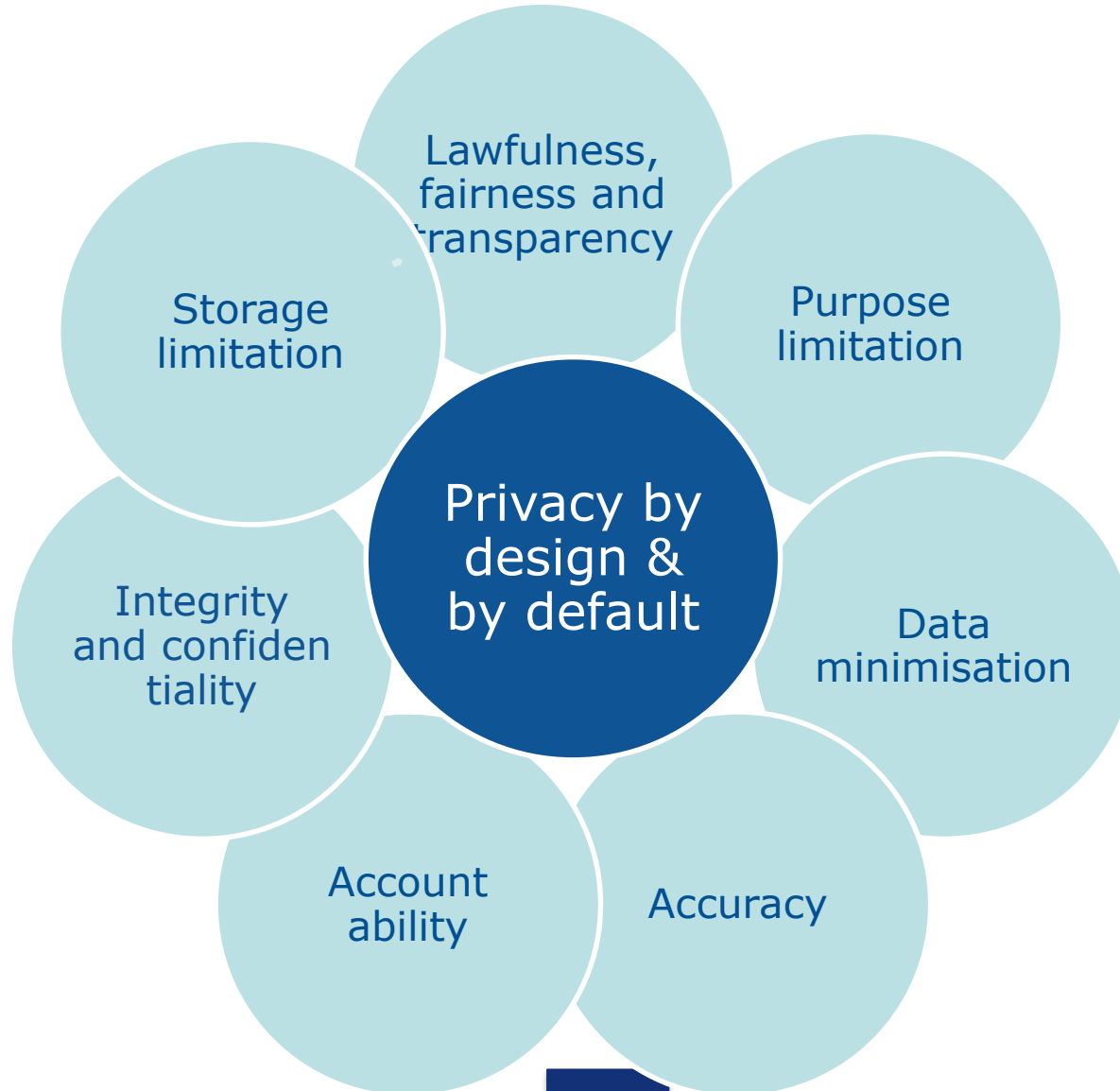
## EIDAS Regulation

Electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions  
Mutual recognition of electronic signatures

## ePrivacy proposal

EU proposal setting out the rules for privacy in electronic communications

# Main GDPR Principles



# Automated decision making & profiling

WP29 [Opinion](#) 8/2014 on Internet of Things

WP29 [Guidelines](#) on Automated individual decision-making and Profiling (wp251rev.01) 13/02/2018



"Whenever I walk in a room, everyone ignores me."

# WP29 Opinion



## General Guidelines

- Privacy Impact Assessments
- Early data aggregation
- Privacy by Design/Default Principle
- User Empowerment

## OS/Device Manufacturers

- Inform about data collected
- Granular choices
- Minimise tracking and inform about security risks
- User access to data in standard data formats

## Application Developers

- Facilitate users exercise of rights to data access, delete, transfer
- Apply data minimisation principle

## Social Platforms based on IoT

- ask users to review, edit and decide on information generated by their device before publication on social platforms
- Information published by IoT devices on social platforms should, by default, not become public or be indexed by search engines

## IoT Device Owners/ Additional recipients

- Consent to the use of a connected device and to the resulting data processing must be informed and freely given
- Users should not be economically penalised or have degraded access if they decide not to use the device or a specific service
- The data subject whose data is being processed in the context of a contractual relationship with the user of a connected device (i.e. hotel, health insurance or a car renter) should be in a position to administrate the device.

## Standards Bodies/ Platforms

- Promote portable and interoperable as well as clear and self-explanatory data formats
- Not only focus on the format for raw data but also on the emergence of formats for aggregated data
- Promote data formats that contain as few strong identifiers as possible in order to facilitate the proper anonymisation of IoT data
- Work on certified standards that would set the baseline for security and privacy safeguards for data subjects
- develop lightweight encryption and communication protocols adapted to the specificities of IoT

# Relevant EU IoT Activities

- *Large Scale Pilots under Horizon 2020*
  - Workshop on experience on GDPR compliance planned
  - Contributing to privacy by design and standards experience
  - Further pilots launching in 2019
- *New cluster of IoT security/privacy projects launched*
  - Blockchain/DLTs
- *AIOTI WG3 on standardisation*
- *ENISA planning to look at IoT trust*
- *FP9/Next Generation Internet*



## Further Information

- *EU Activities on IoT*  
<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/internet-of-things>
- *General Data Protection Regulation*  
[https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/law-topic/data-protection\\_en](https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/law-topic/data-protection_en)
- *Network and Information Security Directive*  
<https://www.enisa.europa.eu/topics/critical-information-infrastructures-and-services/cii/nis-directive>
- *ePrivacy proposal*  
<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/proposal-eprivacy-regulation>
- *EU Blockchain Observatory*  
<https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/eu-blockchain-observatory-and-forum-call-contributors>