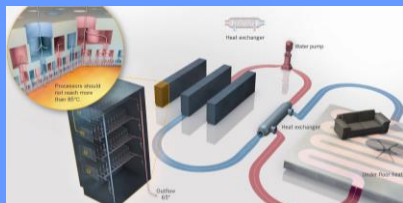


Panel IoT Ecosystems and Partnerships: Health or Human Centric Sensing and Computing

Datacenter Carbon Footprint



- Efficiency is 0.000'004%
- Volume used for compute <1 ppm

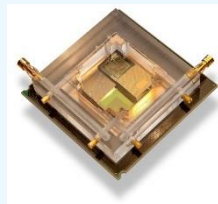
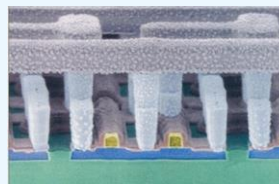
Energy Efficiency

Big Data



Cognitive Computing

The End of Transistor Scaling



Dense and Efficient Systems Roadmap

IoT sensors and edge



IBM Watson

Wearables and Healthcare

Bruno Michel, Mgr. Smart System Integration, PI Internet of the Body, IEEE Fellow
Member US National Academy of Engineering and Member IBM Academy of Technology

<https://www.zurich.ibm.com/st/>

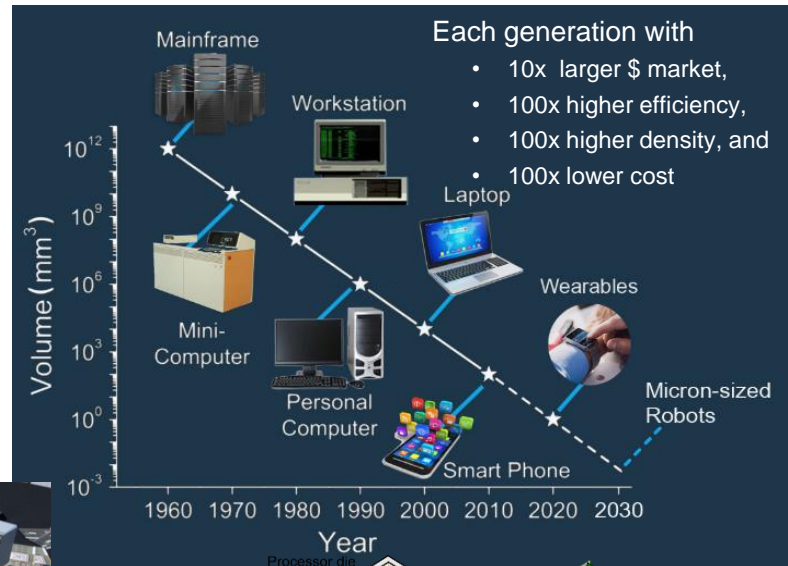
<https://www.zurich.ibm.com/st/smartsystem/>

Bell's Law Demands more Integration

- Every 12-15 years restart new generation
- Hardware cost fraction decreases from 100% (mainframe) to <10% **adding functionality**
- Sensing and communication miniaturized
- Low thermal/electrical resistance enable density
- **Sensing and computing meet in wearables**
- **Remember: proximity improves efficiency!**
- **Efficiency and low cost due to Bell's law**

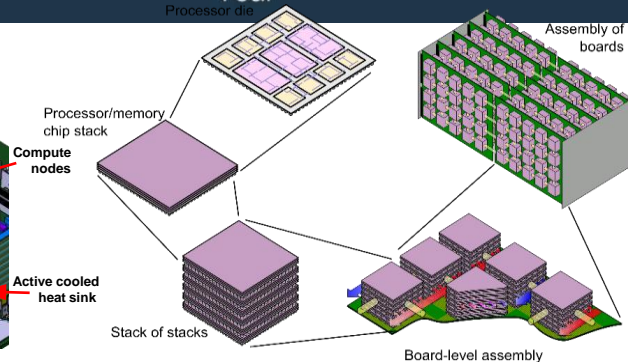
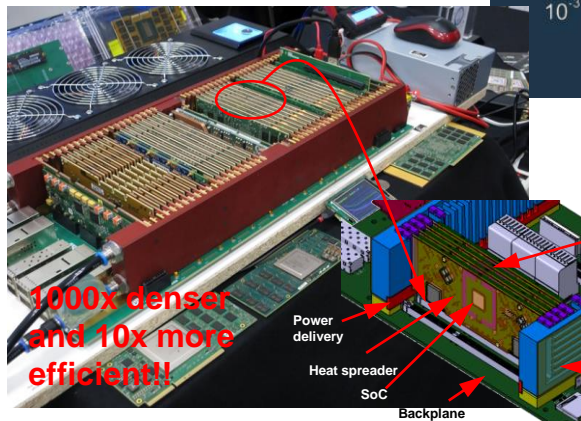


Figure. Jeff Hottel with his original 38-kg radio-electronic and logograph recording device in 1947.



**10x denser
and 2x more
efficient!!**

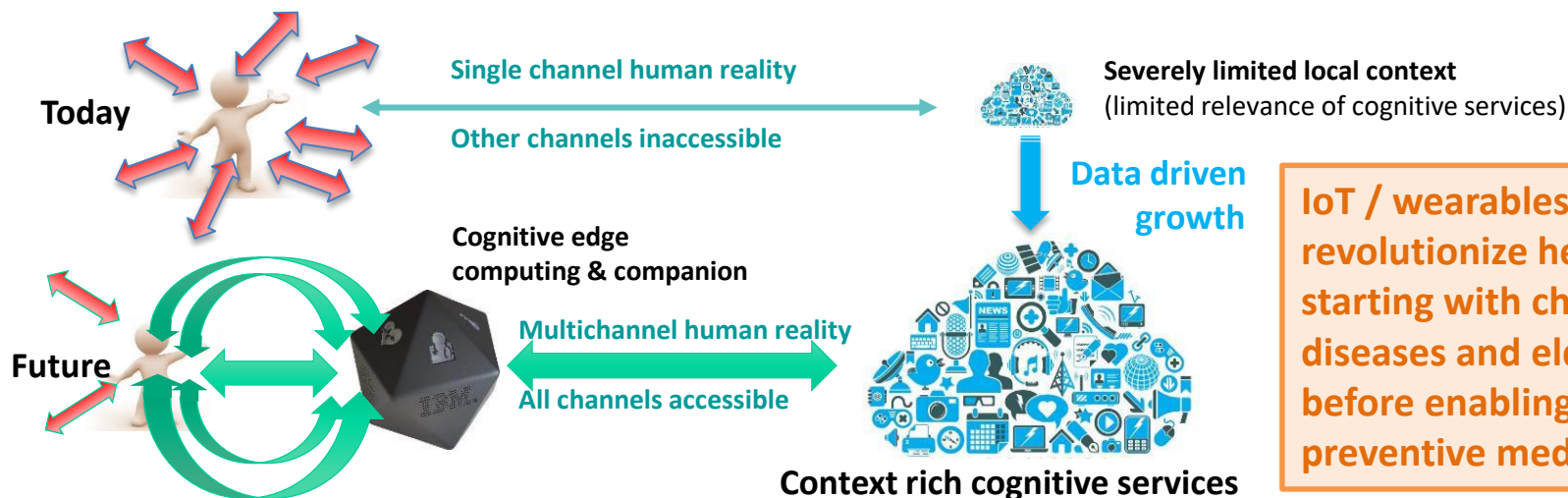
Technology developed with ...



- **Data not transferred to cloud but AI transferred to the edge to improve efficiency**

Human Centric Sensing and Computing Strategy

- Cost and accessibility of healthcare, blockbuster drugs not personalized
- Stress strong link to human wellbeing
- **Human Centric Sensing and Computing:** Context key for relevant personalized cognitive services
- Personalized cognitive services in preventive medicine / coaching; work safety; wellbeing; elderly care
- Miniaturization for low-cost non-intrusive monitoring to reduce cost in acute and preventive medicine
- **Move intelligence to the edge instead of data to the cloud for solutions to be relevant to people**



IoT / wearables will first revolutionize healthcare starting with chronic diseases and elderly care before enabling data-driven preventive medicine

IoB Platform Building blocks

Humans as largest data source and largest consumer of cognitive services

Data Science

- SML Algorithms
- Deep Learning
- microservices

Data Collection/Preparation

- Gathering protocol
- Data cleaning
- Reliable Data
- Segmentation, labeling
- Data Storage
- Feature selection

Human in Center and Pyramid Base



- Physiology / Medicine
- Psychology / Behavioral change
- Acceptance / Usability / User experience

modular, flexible and scalable platform that adapts to use cases and strengthens base of AI pyramid



User Interface

- Data
- Thresholds and trends

Cloud Services

- Storage
- Big data science

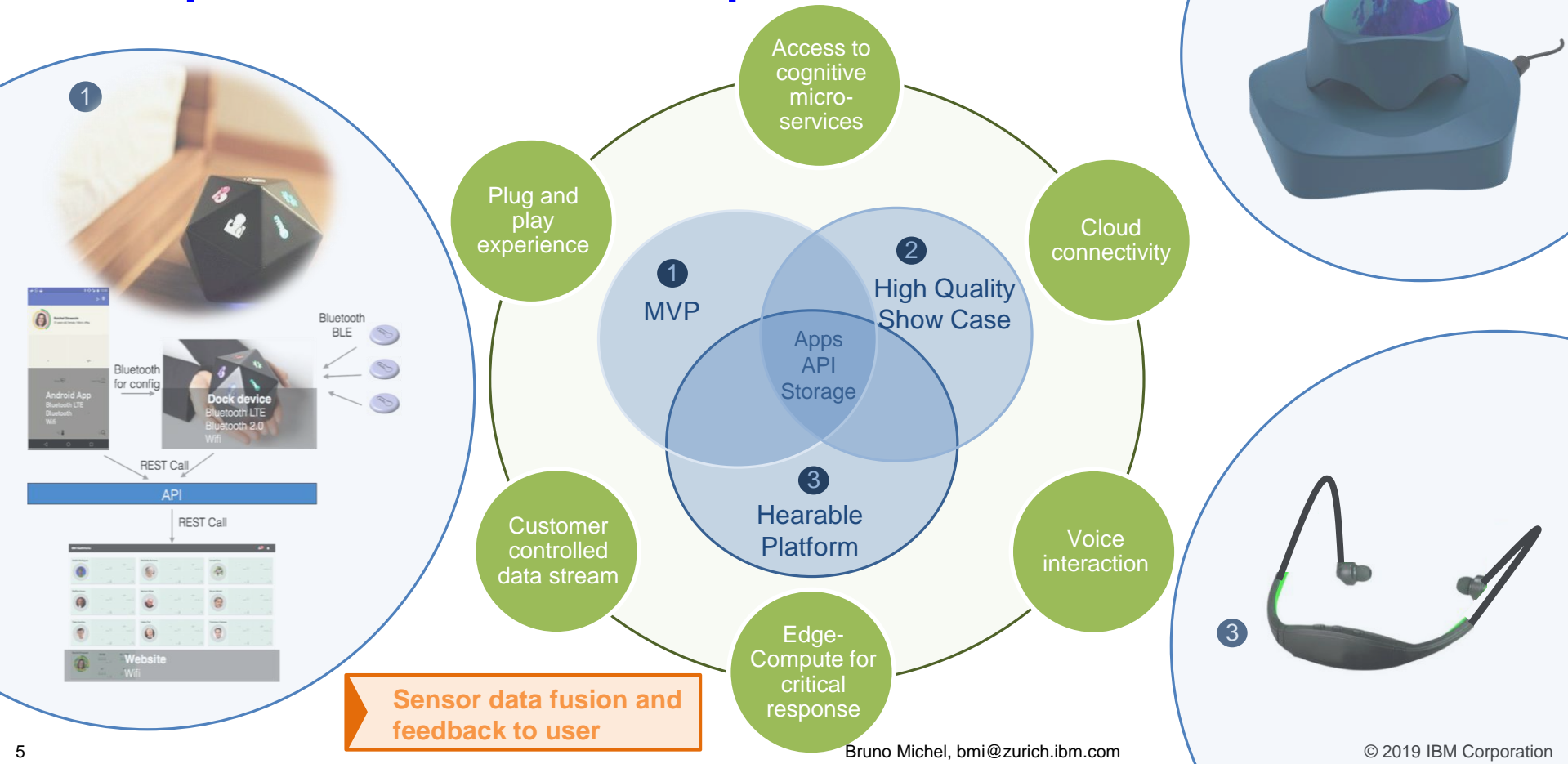
Data Hub and Sensors

- Edge
- Communication
- Alerts
- Commercial and new sensors

Use Cases

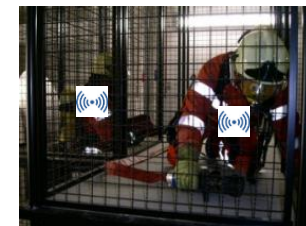
- eCompanion – Future Hospital
- CAir – Chronic Disease Mgmt.
- FireFighter – Stress Detection

eCompanion: IoB Platform Implementations



Use Case I: DeStress Monitoring during Firemen Training

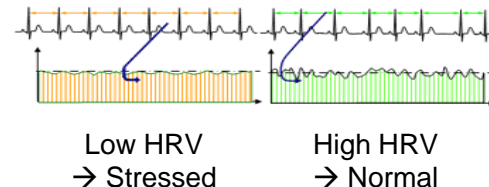
Machine Learning Algorithm:



- Distinguish mental stress from parallel physical stress
- Best algorithm: C5 decision tree, with >80 % precision, Fscore and recall
- Detected all phases for unknown subjects

Implementation:

- Heart rate sensor to send RR-intervals via BLE to phone



Motivation: Stress Impairs Decision Making in Critical Situations

- Dangerous when someone panics
- Stress: Physiological or psychological

Project DeStress:
Stress management
for critical tasks



New firemen Stress Monitoring System



Vital signs monitoring

- Use on firemen, police, athletes, workplace etc.
- Use machine learning for classification
- Integrated acquisition, labelling, and learning
- Include breath, sweat etc.
- Project name: **DeStress**



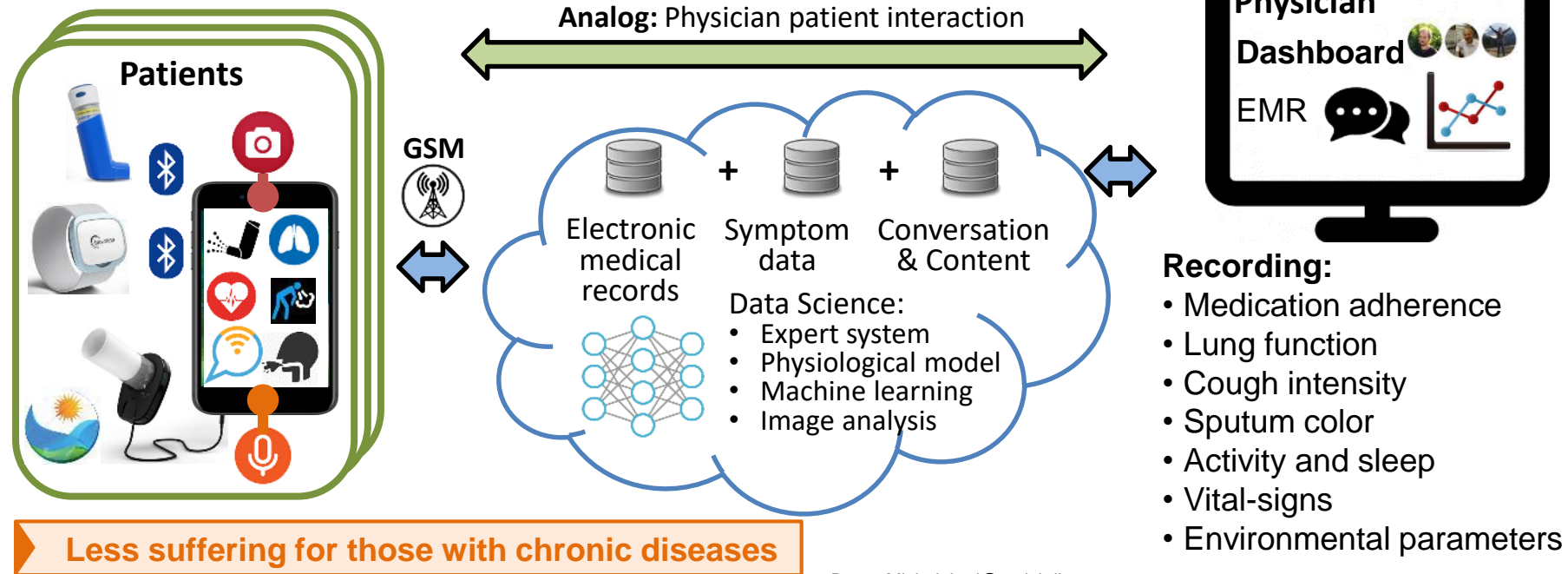
- Heart rate (RR) data is acquired on the firefighter (user) with a pulse-tracker chest-belt.
- BLE data sent to android smartphone APP, that transfers them over a WiFi to the supervisor terminal.
- The supervisor terminal provides a user-interface to the supervisor and runs the real-time stress-detection algorithms and data-collection.
- Assisted labelling process implemented also for transfer learning to data from other sensors than ECG



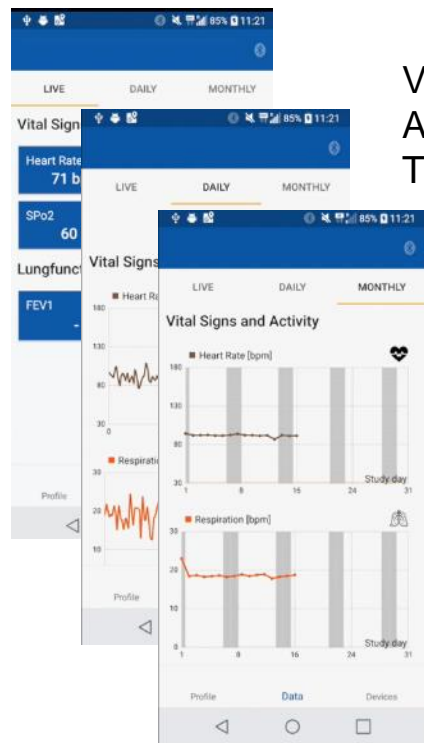
Use Case II: Management of Chronic Lung Disease*

- Bi-directional electronic communication between patient and physician.
- Continuous patient symptom and activity tracking.
- Prediction of exacerbations based on activity score .
- Personalized and context for virtual agent

* Asthma and COPD: Congestive Obstructive Pulmonary Disease



CAir Patient App and Desk



Vital-Sign &
Activity
Tracker



Air-Quality
Monitor

Cough Sputum

Spiro-
meter

Sputum
Collector

Device	Parameter
Smart-phone camera	Sputum color
Smart-phone micro-phone	Cough count
Inhaler	Medication time stamp
Spirometer	Lung function
Activity & multi-vital sign tracker	Steps Energy expenditure Oxygenation Skin temperature Respiration rate Heart rate (var.) Electrodermal activity
Environmental sensor	Temperature Humidity Particle count VOC and CO ₂

Continuous Patient Interaction and Support at Scale

Face-to-Face

Visits

Physician-patient

Holistic interaction

Situational assess

Social bond, trust

Limited time, reach



Tele-Platform

Text based com.

Physician-patient

Disease information

Questionnaires

Reminders

Limited scale



Virtual Agent (Chatbot)

Text based, dialogue (medical) or natural language (life-style)

Virtual agent to person communication

Behavioral change and therapy support at scale

Limited contextual and personalized appearance

B. Celli, J. Med. Internet Res., (2016)

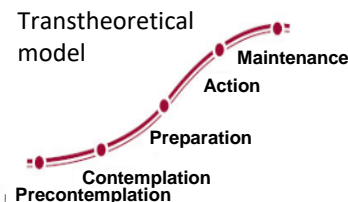
Personality Traits



The Big-5

Personality insights

Behavioral Change Stages



J. Prochaska, J. of Health Promotion, (1997)

Observation of progress

Just-in-time Intervention



Digital-Triggers

Kowatsch, Design Science, (2017)

Summary Outlook

Integrated system for human centric sensing and computing

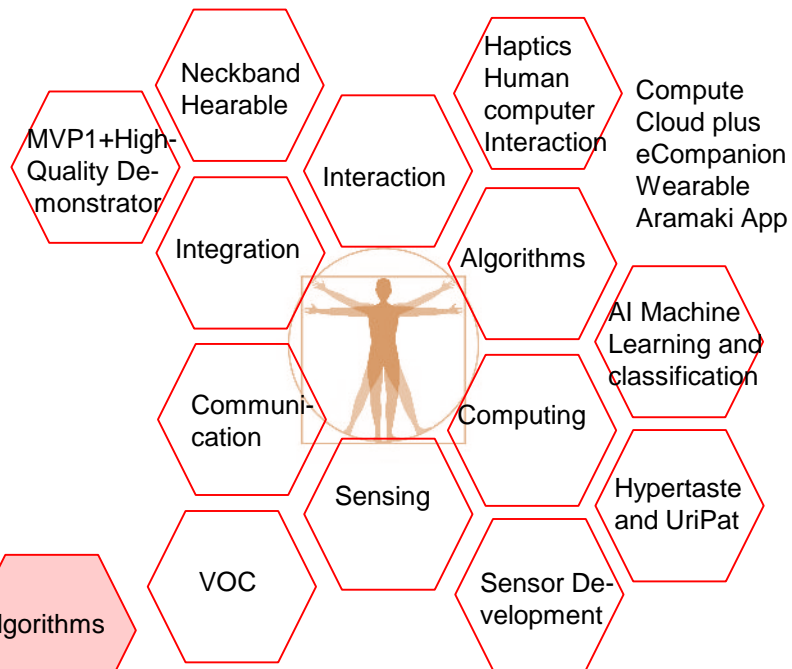
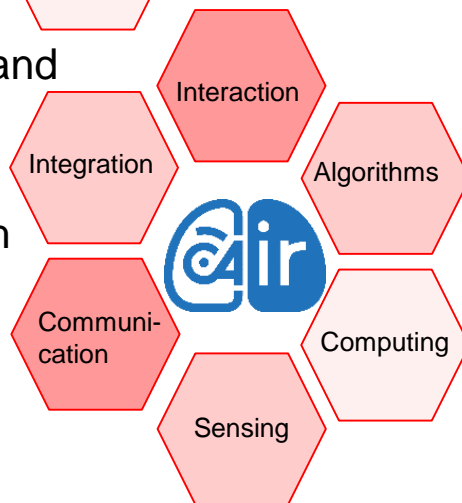
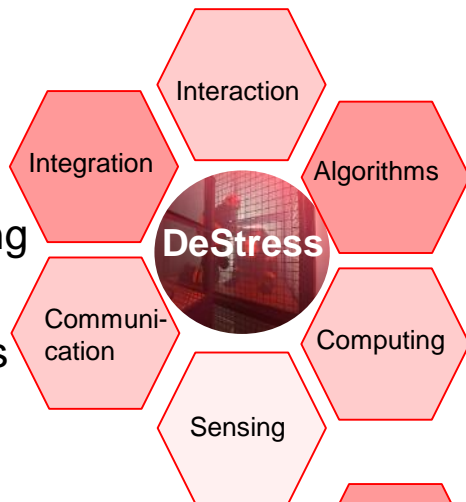
Bridge technology gap to wearables with edge systems

Build platform to apply AI in healthcare and IoT

Support move from acute to chronic and finally preventive medicine

Long-term monitoring (noninvasive wearable sensing) and coaching (with new interaction models)

Use cases demonstrate exemplary the capabilities of the system



Data is not transferred to cloud but AI tools are transferred to the edge to improve autonomy, functionality, latency, reliability, and privacy

Thank you very much for your kind Attention!

Acknowledgement

- Arvind Sridhar, Sebastian Gerke, Rahel Straessle, Ismael Faro, Yuksel Temiz, Neil Ebejer, Theodore G van Kessel, Keiji Matsumoto, Emanuel Loertscher, Frank Libsch, Hyung-Min Lee, John Knickerbocker, Jonas Weiss, Jonathan E Proesel, Kang-Wook Lee, Mehmet Soyuer, Minhua Lu, Mounir Meghelli, Norma E Sosa cortes, Paul S Andry, Roy Yu, Shriya Kumar, Sufi Zafar, Teodor K Todorov, Yves Martin, Ulrike Pluntke, Jorge. Barroso, Rui Hu, Sophie Mai Chau
- Ingmar Meijer, Patrick Ruch, Thomas Brunschwiler, Stephan Paredes, Werner Escher, Yassir Madhour, Jeff Ong, Gerd Schlottig, Ronald Luijten, and many more ...
- PSI Tobias Rupp and Thomas Schmidt
- ETH Severin Zimmermann, Adrian Renfer, Manish Tiwari, Ozgur Ozsun, Dimos Poulikakos
- EPFL Yassir Madhour, John Thome, and Yussuf Leblebici
- Funding: IBM FOAK Program, IBM Research, CCEM Aquasar project, Nanotera CMOSAIIC project, SNF Sinergia project REPCOOL, EUFP7 project CarrlCool, EUFP7 project HyperConnect, DARPA IceCool, KTI / DSolar. European large scale pilot project ActivAge, IBM Research Frontiers Institute: www.research.ibm.com/frontiers